Protecting the Colorado River for Utah

2018 Water Users Workshop

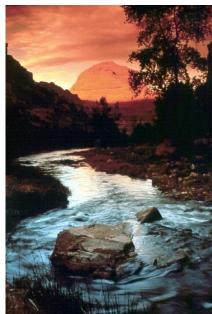
Eric Millis, Director
Utah Division of Water Resources



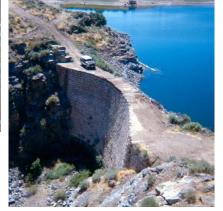
Utah Division of Water Resources' Mission

•Plan, Conserve, Develop and Protect Utah's Water



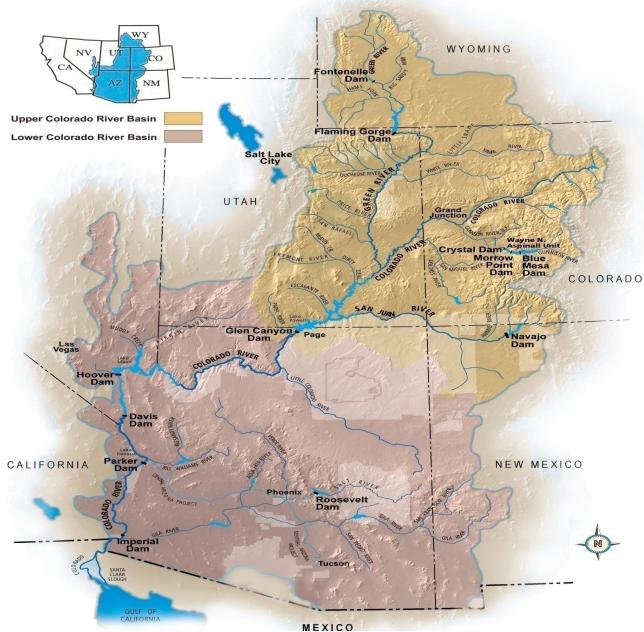




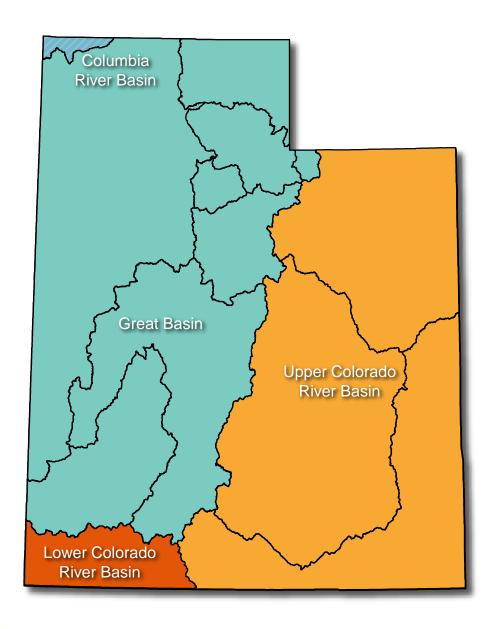




Colorado River Basin







Principal River Basins in Utah

- Upper Colorado River Basin
- Lower Colorado River Basin
- Great Basin
- Columbia River
 Basin

THE LAW OF THE RIVER

- Colorado River Compact Foundation
- Upper Colorado River Compact
- 15 other major laws, compacts, treaties and court decrees
- Governs all aspects of administering the River
- Relations with Mexico
- Water quality and environmental issues

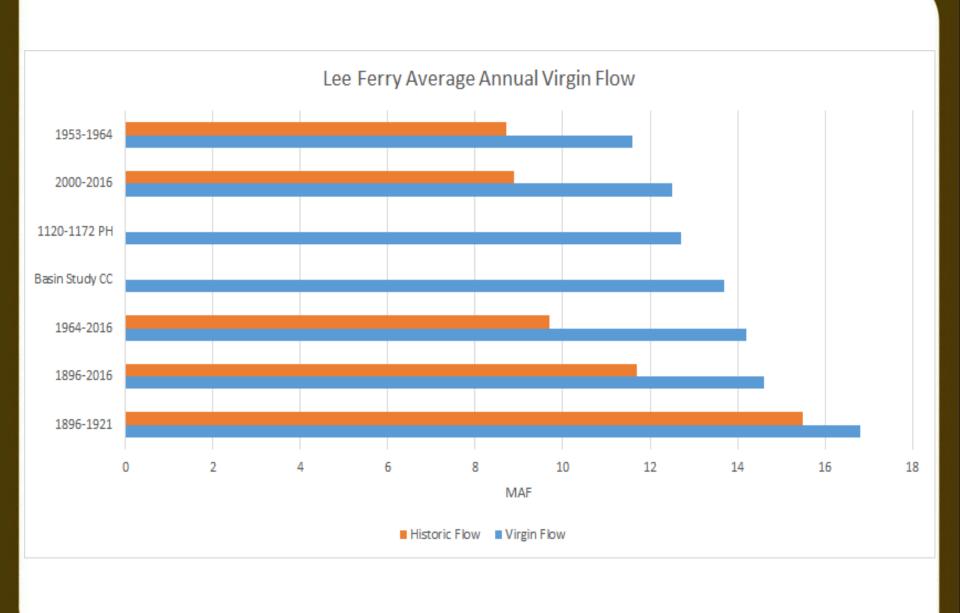
Law of the River Allocations

- 7.5 MAF to Upper Basin (%'s CO 51.75, UT 23, NM 11.25, WY 14)¹
- 7.5 MAF to Lower Basin (4.4 CA; 2.8 AZ; 0.3 NV)²
- 1.0 MAF additional to Lower Basin³ (i.e., tributary development)
- 1.5 MAF to Mexico

17.5 MAF Total Allocated 'on paper'

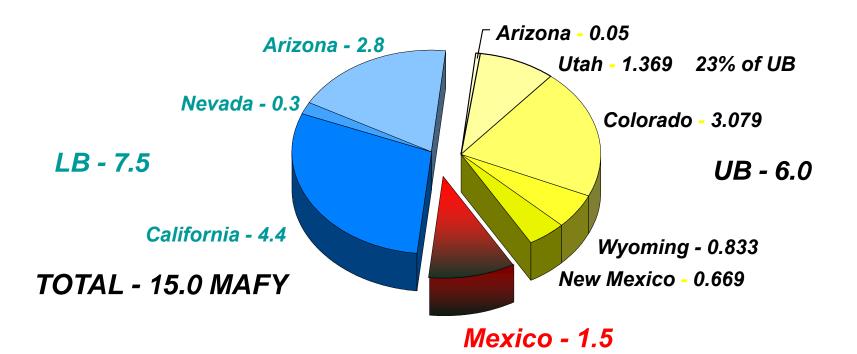


 ¹ 1922 Colorado River Compact, 1948 Upper Colorado River Compact
 ² Colorado River Compact, 1929 Black Canyon Project Act, 1964 AZ v. CA
 ³ 1922 Colorado River Compact ⁴ Treaty of 1944



Compact and Treaty Apportionment Based on Current Hydrology

(in million acre feet per year (MAF))



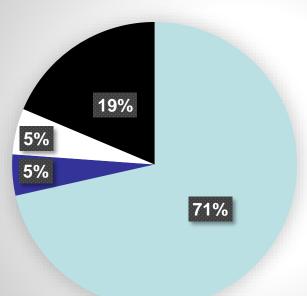


Current Uses

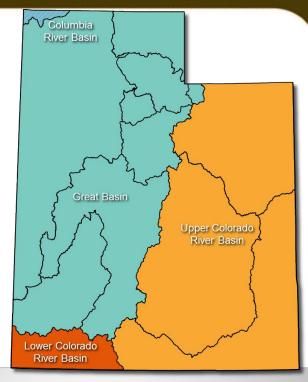
- Upper Basin Uses
 - 4 to 4.5 maf/yr

- Lower Basin Uses
 - Full amount

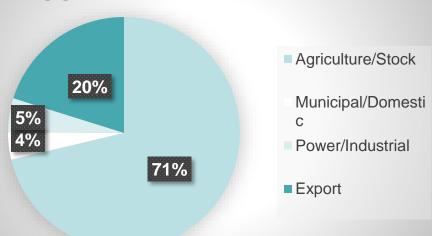
Utah's Use of the Colorado River



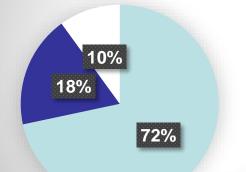
- Agriculture/Stock
- Municipal/Domestic
 - Power/Industrial
- In-state Export



Upper Colorado River Use



Lower Colorado River Use



- Agriculture/Stock
- Municipal/Domesti
- Power/Industrial
- Export

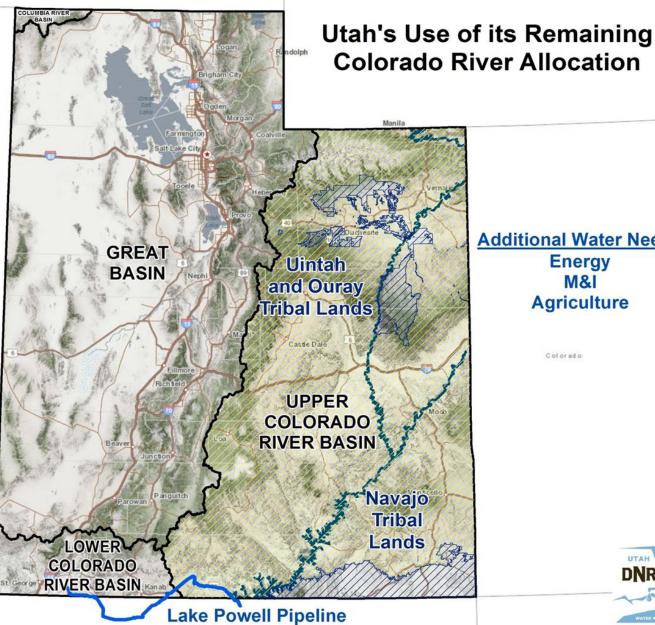
UTAH'S COLORADO RIVER ALLOCATION 1.369 MAF **Current Use** 1.008 MAF **UNUSED ALLOCATION** .361 MAF **Future Use** Navajo Nation **81 KAF** Ute Tribe Reserve Water (compact) 105 KAF New Ag Uses 40 KAF New M&I Uses **29 KAF** Lake Powell Pipeline **86 KAF** Total 341 KAF

Balance



20 KAF





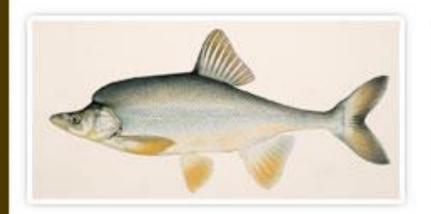
Nevada

Additional Water Needs Energy M&I Agriculture

Colorado



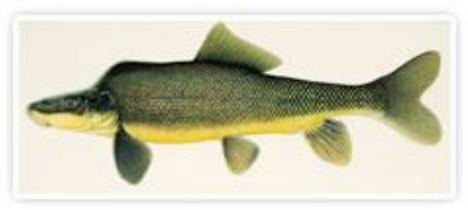
Endangered Fish Recovery Programs



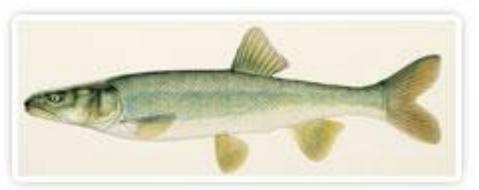
Humpback chub



Bonytail



Razorback sucker



Colorado pikeminnow



Nonnative Fish Invasion

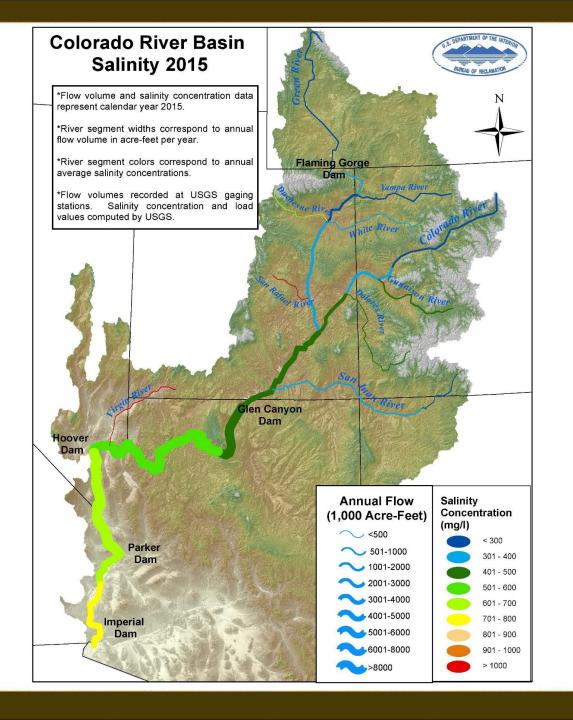
River	Presence of Invasive Species	
	1988	Today
Colorado		
Gunnison		35,7
Green		
White	>	
Yampa		



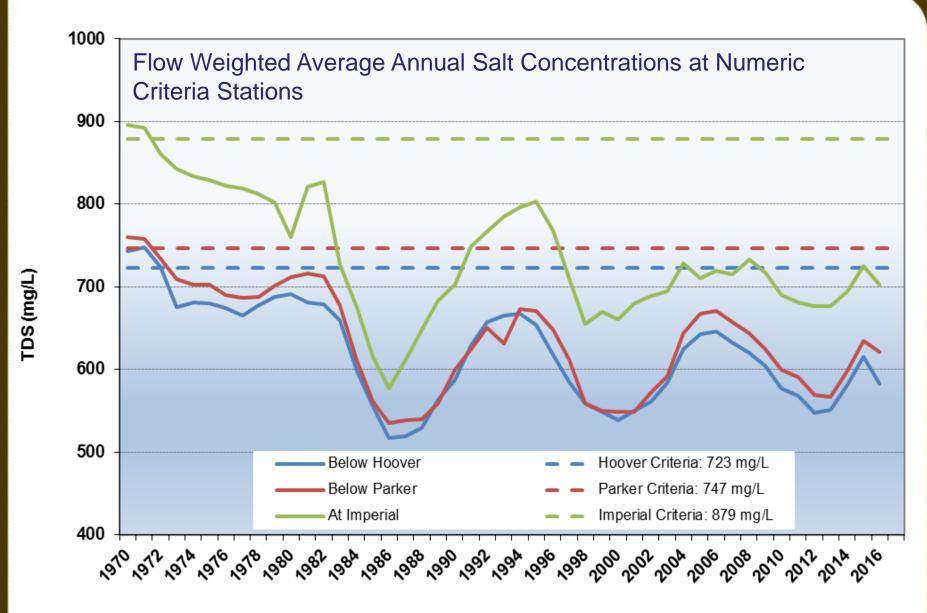
Colorado River Salinity Control Program





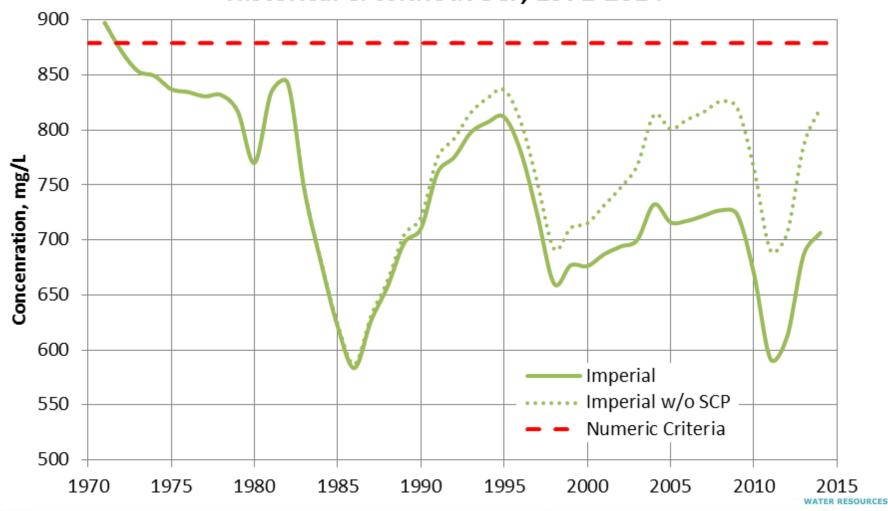






Colorado River at Imperial Dam

Average Annual Concentration
Historical & Without SCP, 1971-2014

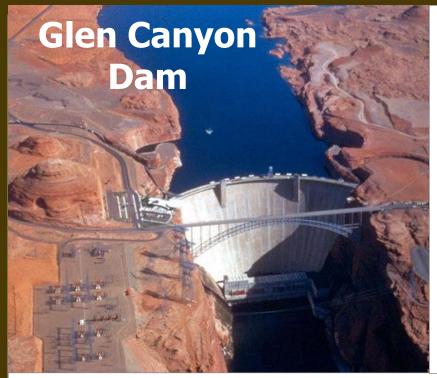


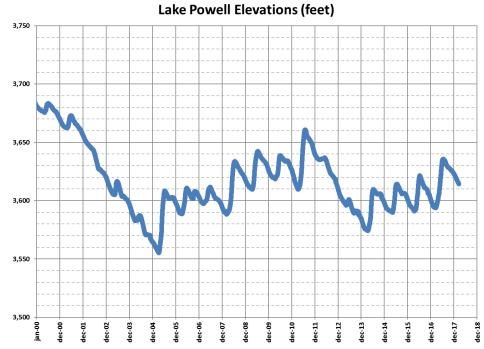


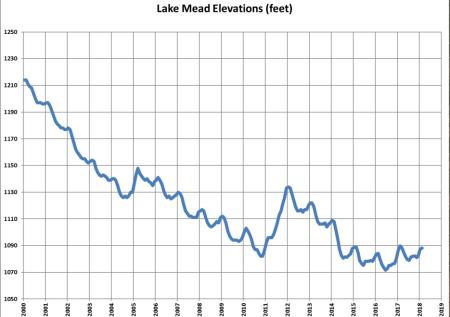
Upper Basin Plan

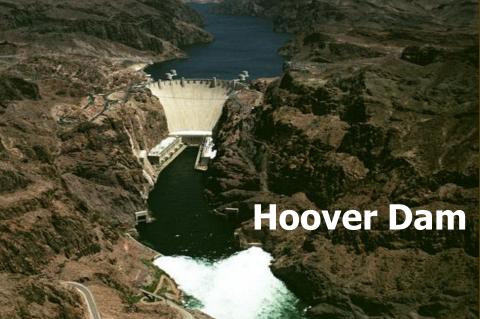
- Expand existing weather modification programs
 Expand Upper Basin cloud seeding programs to increase
 Colorado River system water supplies
- Drought operations (Blue Mesa, Flaming Gorge, Navajo and Glen Canyon Dam)
 - Maintain a safe elevation at Lake Powell by conserving water (temporarily) in Lake Powell or moving water available from upper CRSP facilities within current RODs and Biological Opinions
- Develop opportunities for Upper Basin demand management
 - Facilitate voluntary reductions in consumptive use through willing seller/willing buyer arrangements such as temporary or rotational fallowing, interruptible supply agreements, deficit irrigation of crop land, system efficiencies, etc.











Water Budget at Lake Mead

- Inflow = 9.0 maf (release from Powell + side inflows)
- Outflow = -9.6 maf
 (AZ, CA, NV, and Mexico delivery + downstream regulation and gains/losses)
- Mead evaporation losses = -0.6 maf
- Balance = -1.2 maf

Given basic apportionments in the Lower Basin, the allotment to Mexico, and an 8.23 maf release from Lake Powell, Lake Mead storage declines about 12 feet each year

RECLAMATION

Impacts of the Structural Deficit

Results in a decline of 12+ feet in Lake Mead every year when releases from Powell are "normal" (8.23 MAF)

Results in a decline of 4 feet in Lake Mead every year when releases from Powell are "balancing" (9.0 MAF)

Drives Lower Basin to take shortages

May bring Lake Powell down with it if more water is required to be released under the 2007 Guidelines



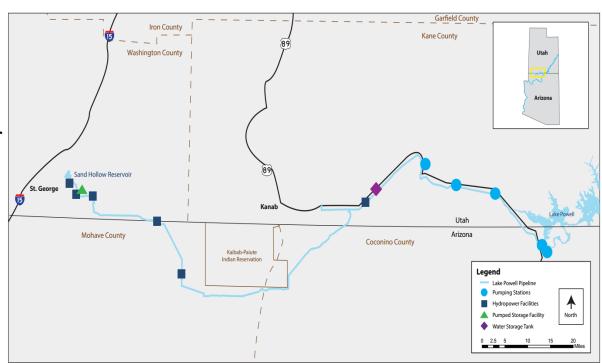
Interim Guidelines Revisions

- Current guidelines expire in 2026
- Revisions to begin by 2020
- Key points by Upper Basin States
 - Fix the Structural Deficit
 - Get rid of 20' provision



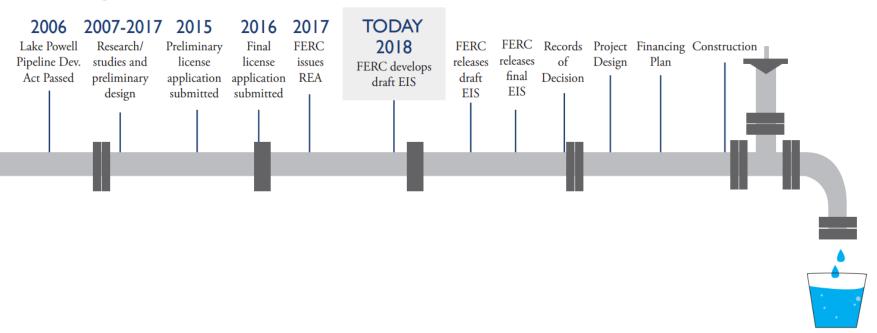
The Lake Powell Pipeline (LPP)

- State project
- Delivers 86,249 AF of water
- Approximately 140 miles buried pipeline
- 5 pump stations
- 6 hydropower stations





Anticipated Project Timeline







The End Thanks!

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